

HIMSS19 CHAMPIONS OF HEALTH UNITE

Global Conference & Exhibition
FEB 11–15, 2019 | ORLANDO

Telehealth Reimbursement – The Times They Are a Changin'!

Session 189, February 13, 2019



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DISCLAIMER: The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily represent official policy or position of HIMSS.



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Conflict of Interest

Kim Swafford, MHA

Has no real or apparent conflicts of interest to report.

Tim Wright, MBA

Salary from InTouch Health



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Agenda

- Changing telehealth reimbursement policy landscape
 - Federal legislative and regulatory activities
 - Medicare Fee-for-Service
 - Value-based payment models
- Providence St. Joseph Health Telehealth Overview
 - Reimbursement examples
- Discussion



Learning Objectives

- Explain the changing reimbursement landscape for telehealth
- Assess recent additions to telehealth reimbursement laws to capture the government's increasing acceptance and support of telehealth
- Demonstrate, through key findings of a national survey, how healthcare providers are currently addressing telehealth reimbursement in order to provide evidence of how the changing legislation is affecting how providers utilize telehealth
- Identify how to take advantage of the policy changes to maximize billing/revenue opportunities



Historical rules for telehealth reimbursement

Payment varies by payer and state

Medicare

- Section 1834(m) in the Social Security Act (1997) limits telehealth payment to:
 - Rural areas
 - Approved originating sites
 - Eligible distant site providers
 - Real-time video
 - Certain services (98 codes 2019)
- Pays professional fee and facility fee



Medicaid

- States determine respective policies
- 50+ sets of rules

Commercial Insurance / Managed Care

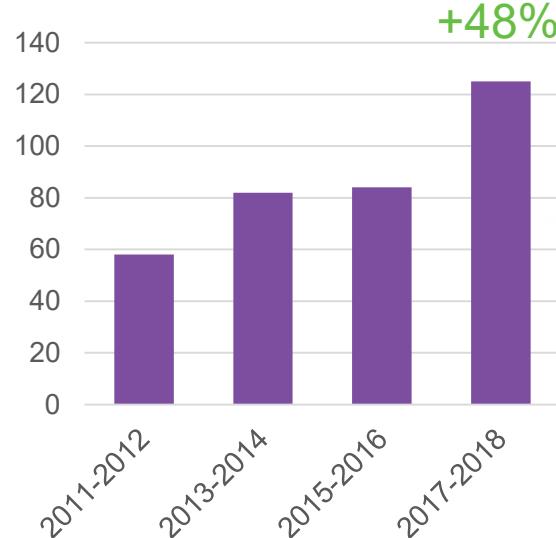
- Varies by plan and state laws
- Telehealth “parity” laws

Medicare
Limited to
Designated
Rural Sites

<1% of inpatient stays
1.4% of outpatient
stays

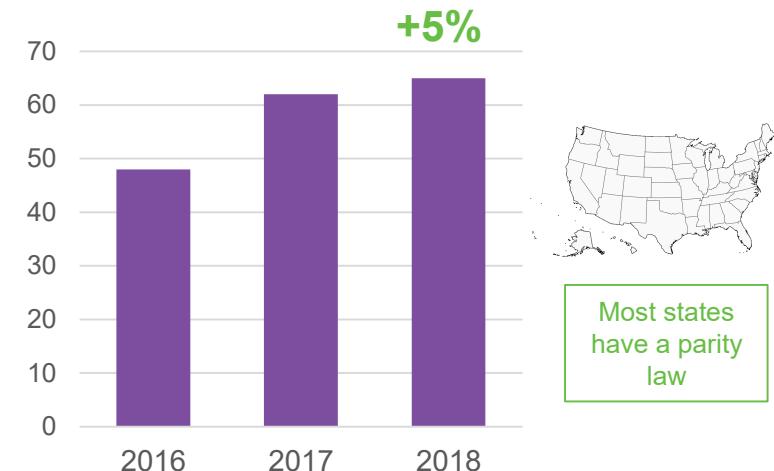
2018 – A pivotal year for telehealth reimbursement

Federal legislation including telehealth



Source: www.congress.gov

Statewide telehealth legislation



Source: www.cchpca.org

Several groundbreaking federal telehealth bills passed in 2018

Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018

Effective January 1, 2019

Telestroke

- Enables nationwide reimbursement
- Pays facility fee rural hospitals, CAHs
- Adds mobile stroke units

Effective July 1, 2019

Medicare Advantage Plans

- Allows flexibility to add telehealth services to “core benefits” versus supplemental

Accountable Care Organizations

- Allows flexibility to use telehealth in non-rural areas and home



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Other federal telehealth legislation that passed

VETS Act

Effective June 12, 2018

- Veteran services provided by VA licensed clinicians across state lines
- Telehealth visits “from anywhere to anywhere”

SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act

Effective July 1, 2019

- Enables nationwide payment for telemental health / substance use disorder treatments
- Allows care in home setting
- Requires DEA to implement special telemedicine license by October 2019

Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018

Reauthorized 2019-2023

- Establishes major funding increase for telehealth grants
- Expands broadband



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CMS creates payment for new virtual care services



Brief Communication Technology-based Services

Real-time virtual check-in

- HCPCS G2012
- Brief, 5-10 minutes
- Patient-initiated established patients
- Telephone, video or other kinds of data transmission
- Pays ~\$15/visit

Remote Evaluation of Recorded Video and/or Images

Store and forward visit

- HCPCS G2010
- Patient-initiated
- Established patients
- Patient consent
- Pays ~\$13/visit

Interprofessional Consultations

Provider-to-provider consult

- CPT codes 99446 – 99449, 99451-99452
- Telephone/Internet/EHR consults
- Patient not present
- Patient consent
- Pays ~\$18-\$73



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CMS expands payment for RPM

- Allows payment for professional and technical components of RPM
 - Example first month: \$58 (or \$52) + \$19 + \$64 = **\$141**
 - Monthly thereafter: \$58 + \$64 = **\$122**
- Allows billing RPM and CCM (e.g. CPT 99457 & CPT 99490) professional components for same patient, same month
- Not subject to 1834(m) telehealth restrictions



Payment Code	Description	Payment	Effective Date
99091	Collection, interpretation of physiologic data, <u>30</u> minutes or more per 30-day period by physician or other qualified healthcare professional (QHP) (professional component)	\$58	2018
99457 (fixes 99091)	Collection, interpretation of physiologic data, <u>20</u> minutes or more per month requiring interactive communication with patient by physician, QHPs, and other clinical staff (professional component)	\$52	2019
99453	Initial set-up of technology and patient education (technical component)	\$19	2019
99454	Device supply with daily recordings, programmed alerts transmission, monthly (technical component)	\$64	2019



Implications for future reimbursement policy changes

- Turning point for FFS
- New reimbursement paradigm for 2019
 - Creates incentives to adopt telehealth
 - Drives new use cases
 - Improves economic and business models
- Trends to continue
- Catalyst for change among other payers



Near Term Telehealth Payment Opportunities	
CMS FFS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Stroke, home dialysis, telebehavioral health / substance use disorders• Brief virtual check-in, store-and-forward visit, provider-to-provider visit• Remote patient monitoring• Potential new areas: maternal fetal medicine, skilled nursing, genetic counseling, respiratory therapy, ED• Targeted 'Medicaid populations'
CMS Value-based	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Medicare Advantage plans• ACOs• Payment bundles



Providence St. Joseph Health Telehealth Initiatives



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Providence St. Joseph Health



51
Hospitals



829
Clinics



90
Non-acute
services



14
Supportive
housing
programs



111k
Caregivers



38k
Nurses



20k
Physicians



High school,
nursing
schools, and
university



2
Health
plans



1.9M
Covered
lives

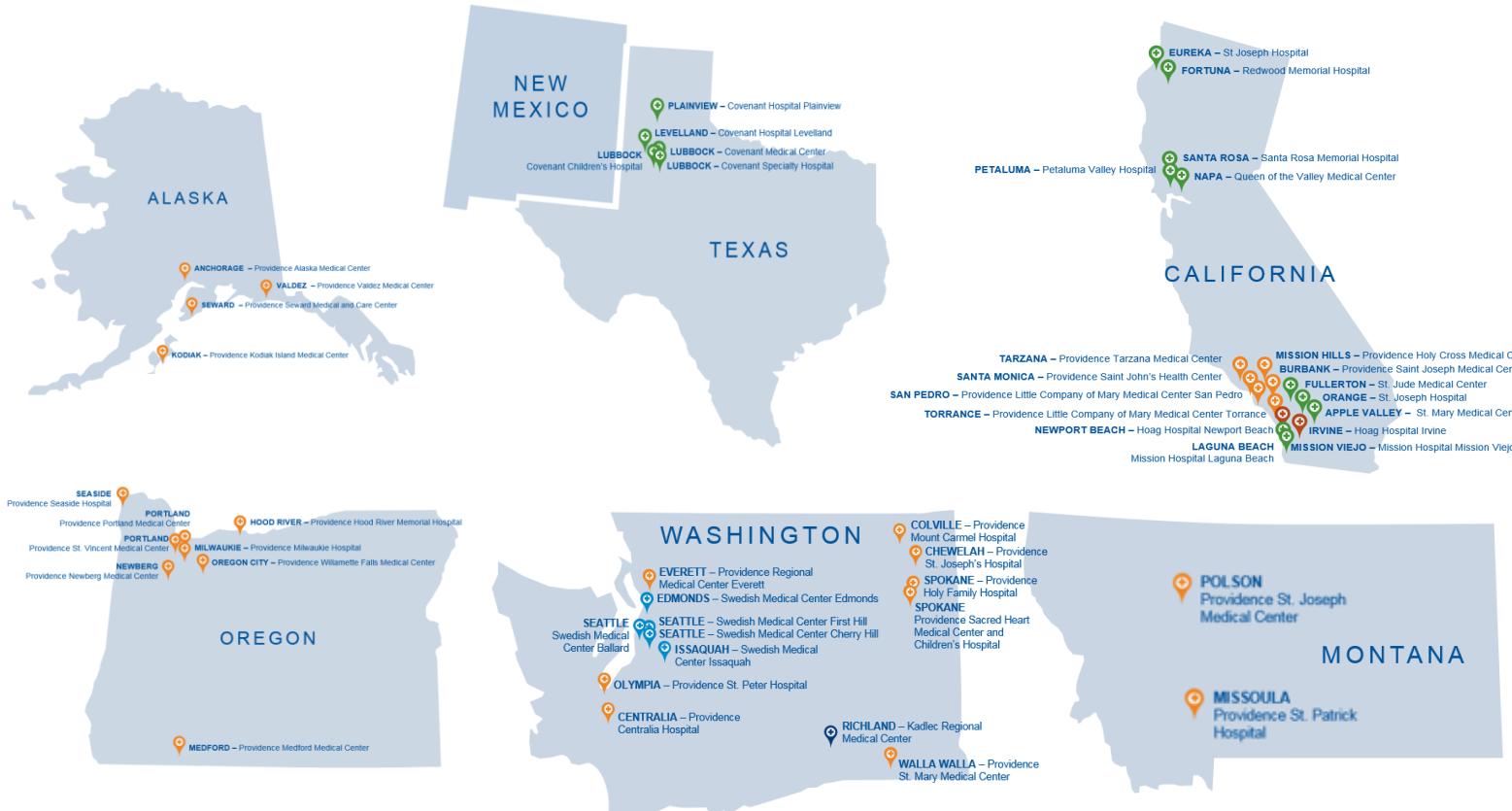


\$1.6B
Community
benefit

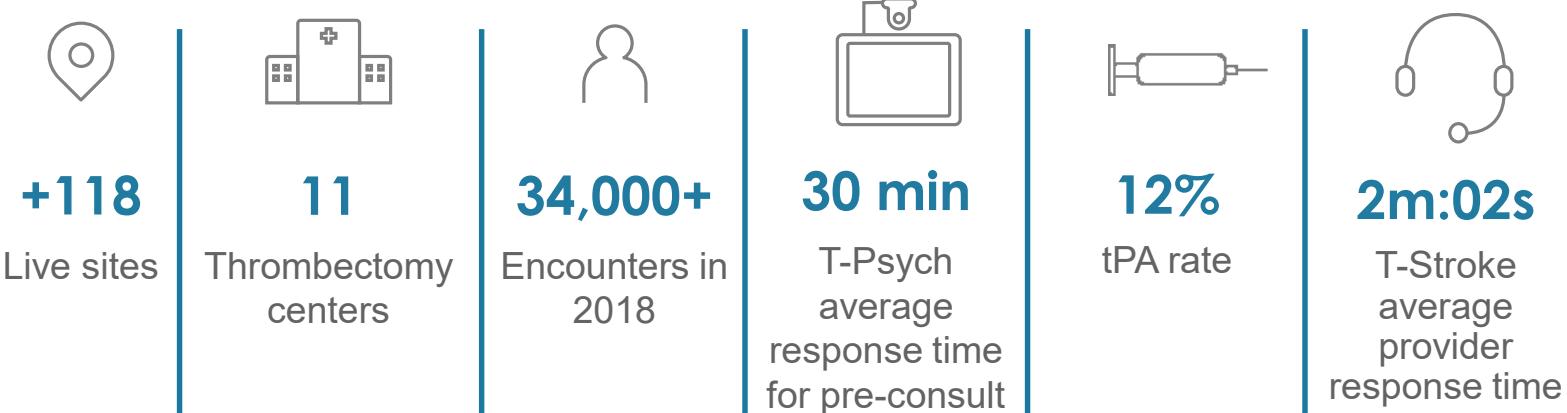


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Footprint spans across 7 states



PSJH Overview

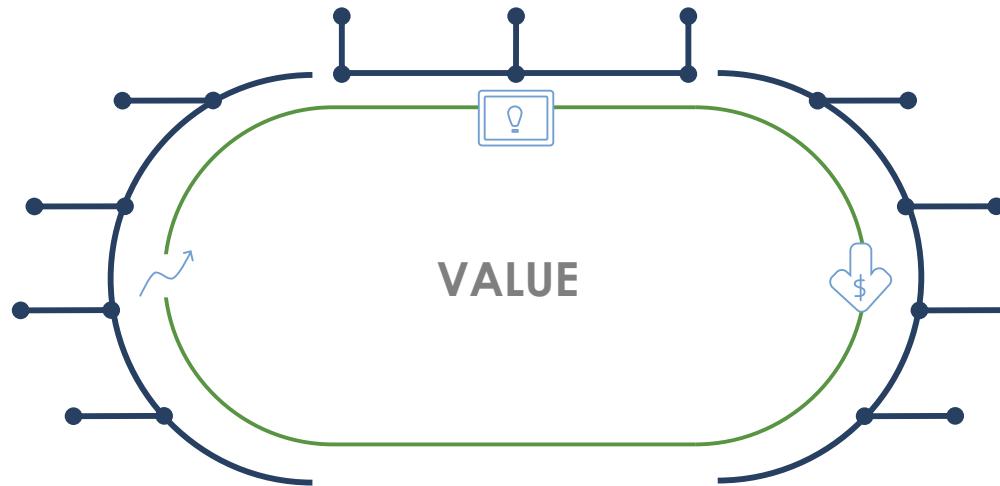


3 Core Services (Behavioral Health, Neurology, Acute Care)

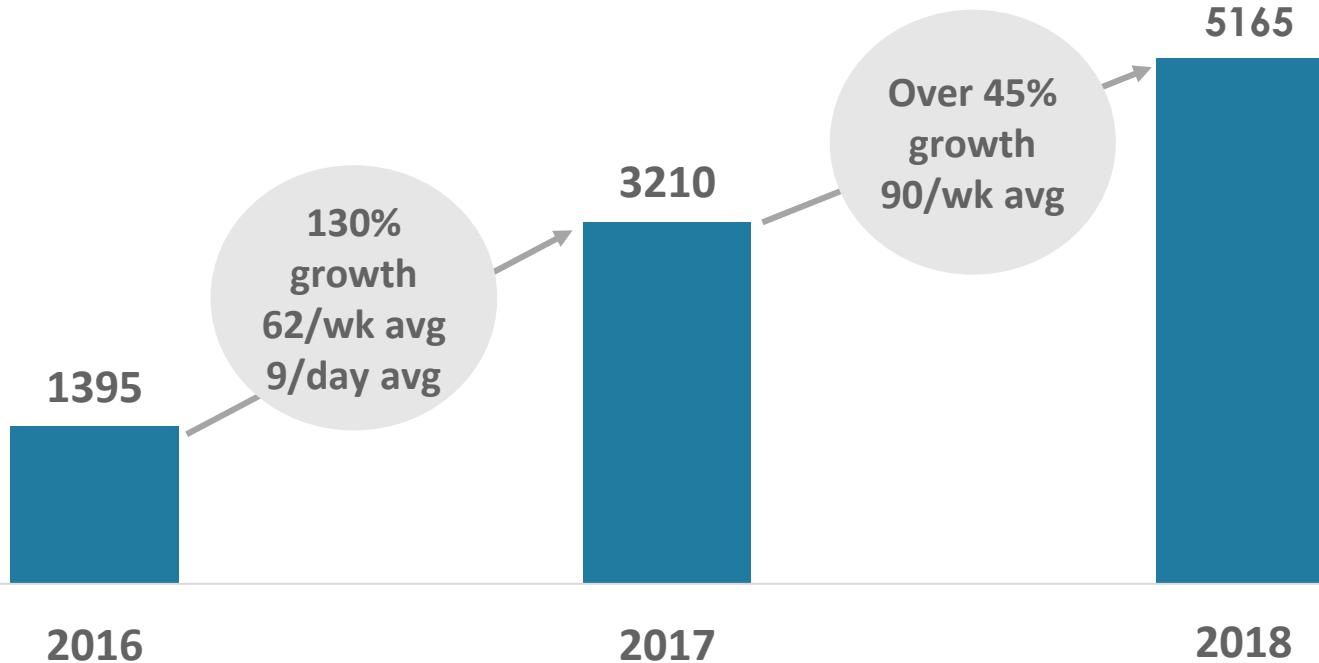
50 Regional Programs (7 States)

Telehealth Roadmap

How do we get there?



TeleStroke Annual Volumes & Growth



Evolving Telestroke Value Proposition

- Continued emphasis on “door to needle time” & keeping care close to home
- HOWEVER, reimbursement paradigm is shifting...new **FAST Act** will require Medicare to reimburse for pro fees regardless of where the patient is located



EXAMPLE | *Impact of physician payment*

2018

Currently the number of urban encounters for telestroke is approximately 60% of our cases, no reimbursement for those cases

2019

By end of 2019 approximately 1000 video encounters per year = ~\$150K in professional fees annually



Remote Patient Monitoring (RPM)

- **Care for our Communities & Innovate with the Times**
- **Improve Patient Outcomes | Decrease Readmissions | Increase Engagement**
- **Affordable, Reliable, Easy-to-Use**
 - Develop a holistic and multidisciplinary approach
 - Engagement with Telehealth, Regional Clinical Leaders, Heart Institute, Home Health, and Nursing
- **Align strategic vision and care plans throughout**
 - Standardized Workflows, KPI's, Tracking Mechanisms



RPM Expansion | KPIs



Key Performance Indicators

- Reduce unnecessary 30-day readmissions for CHF & COPD by 30%
- Decrease Length of Stay by 50% for CHF program
- Improve Patient Engagement and Satisfaction
 - Increase provider and staff satisfaction
 - Increase patient adherence



Clinical Service Offerings

- Remote monitoring and engagement with patient for adherence to care plan
- Remote monitoring of patients vitals
- Escalation support for elevated vitals



Staffing Models Options

- Local nursing monitoring of patients vitals
- Outsourced remote monitoring of patients vitals
- Critical: Physician endorsement and support of RPM program



Platform

- Platform requirements include ease of use, multiple disease management options
- Back end data and analytics
- Streamlined back end dashboard for daily clinical review



Financial Implications

- Opportunities to decrease cost by preventing low acuity readmissions
- Decrease low acuity chronic disease LOS
- Reimbursement for RPM chart review



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EXAMPLE | RPM Financial & Reimbursement Opportunity

Average Direct Variable Expense Saved: **~\$9,000**

- For avoidable readmission
- Mean per-patient CHF related hospitalization is **~\$14,500**

Average Cost/RPM Kit: **~\$135/patient/month**

- Average patient enrolled in program: 90 days

Provider Reimbursement **\$60/month**

- Requirement: 30 minute patient chart review
- Involved ECG, blood pressure, and glucose monitoring

Can be billed along side:

- Chronic Care Management CPT Codes- **\$47/patient/month**
- Transition Care Management CPT Codes - **based on local physician fee schedule**



Questions



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Please remember to complete online session evaluation



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